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FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

Crescent Acres, Fort Erie November 4, 2022

INTRODUCTION

This report is to address the servicing needs for the residential subdivision known as Crescent Acres. The subject lands located east of Crescent Road, south of Garrison Road, west of Kraft Road, and north of Woodside Court.

The 10.68 hectare site will be developed as residential with a mix of single detached, semi detached and street town dwellings. The site shall include asphalt roads, concrete curb, catch basins, storm sewers, sanitary sewers and water services.

The objectives of this study are as follows:

- 1. Identify domestic and fire protection water service needs for the site;
- 2. Identify sanitary servicing needs for the site; and
- 3. Identify stormwater management needs for the site.

WATER SERVICING

There is an existing 200mm diameter watermain located within the road allowance of Crescent Road. It is proposed to construct a 200mm diameter watermain loop within the subdivision to provide domestic water supply, with connections to the existing watermain at the proposed roadway entrances onto Crescent Road. The proposed streets outside of the 200mm diameter loop will be provided local 150mm watermains.

Proposed municipal fire hydrants will be constructed to provide fire protection within the subject lands. Future spacing and locations of the proposed hydrants will be determined as part of the detailed engineering design.

Therefore, there is expected to be adequate capacity in the existing watermain system to provide domestic water demand and fire protection for the proposed development.



SANITARY SERVICING

There is an existing 300mm diameter sanitary sewer flowing southerly on Crescent Road which increases to 350mm diameter just north of Evelyn Avenue. It is proposed to connect to the existing sanitary sewer system on Crescent Road with a new 200mm diameter sanitary sewer which will be extended within the site.

The subject lands have a total sanitary drainage area of approximately 9.28 hectares which is comprised of approximate 53% single and semi detached dwellings and 47% street townhouse dwellings. Per Town of Fort Erie municipal design standards, the population density for single and semi detached dwellings is 35 persons per hectare and 80 persons per hectare for street towns. Therefore, the overall density for the subject lands is approximately 56 persons per hectare, resulting in a total population of 520 persons.

As shown in the sanitary calculations provided in Appendix A, the total peak sanitary flow from the subject lands is approximately 10.06 L/s, which utilizes approximately 21.3% of the total capacity of the existing 300mm diameter sanitary sewer assuming a minimum slope of 0.22%.

Therefore there is expected to be adequate capacity within the existing 300mm and 350mm diameter sanitary sewers for the subject lands

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

A separate Stormwater Management Plan has been prepared by Upper Canada Consultants for the subject lands and has been enclosed in Appendix B for reference. The following is the summarized conclusions and recommendations stated within the enclosed SWM Plan:

Based on the findings of the enclosed study, the following conclusions are offered:

- Infiltration techniques are not suitable for this site as the primary control facility due to the site size and soil conditions.
- Roof water leaders shall discharge to grade to enhance the future infiltration levels.
- A single stormwater management wet pond facility shall be constructed to provide quality and quantity control.
- Various lot level and vegetative stormwater management practices can be implemented to enhance stormwater quality.
- This report was prepared in accordance with the provincial guidelines contained in "Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual, March 2003".



The above conclusions lead to the following recommendations:

- That the stormwater management criteria established in this report be accepted.
- That the stormwater management wet pond be constructed.
- That additional lot level controls and vegetative stormwater management practices as described previously in this report be implemented.
- That sediment and erosion controls during construction as described in this report be implemented.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Therefore, based on the above comments and design calculations provided for this site, the following summarizes the servicing for this site.

- 1. The existing 200mm diameter watermain on Crescent Road is expected to have have sufficient capacity to provide domestic water supply and fire protection.
- 2. The existing 300mm diameter sanitary sewer is expected to have adequate capacity for the proposed subdivision lands.
- 3. Refer to the enclosed Stormwater Management Plan for detailed stormwater management calculations for the subject lands

Based on the above and the enclosed calculations and Stormwater Management Plan, there exists adequate municipal servicing for this development. We trust the above comments and enclosed calculations are satisfactory for approval. If you have any questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Prepared By:

Brendan Kapteyn, E.I.T.

Reviewed By:



APPENDICES



APPENDIX A

Sanitary Flow Calculations

UPPER CANADA CONSULTANTS 3-30 HANNOVER DRIVE ST.CATHARINES, ONTARIO, L2W 1A3

DESIGN FLOWS										SEWER D	ESIGN						
RESIDENTIAL:	320	320 LITRES/PERSON/DAY (AVERAGE DAILY FLOW) PIPE ROUGHNESS: 0.013 FOR MANNING'S EQUATION															
INFILTRATION RATE:	0.15	LITRES/	HECTARE (M.	O.E FLOW AL	LOWANCE IS BE	TWEEN 0.10	& 0.28 LITRE	CS/HECTARE)		PIPE SIZES	S:	1.016	IMPERI	AL EQ	UIVALEN	T FACTO	R
POPULATION DENSITY	35.0	PERSON	S/HECTARE (S	SINGLE/SEMI	FAMILY)					PERCENT	FULL:		TOTAL	PEAK	FLOW / C	APACITY	
	80.0	PERSON	S/HECTARE (1	FOWNHOUSE	S)												
MUNICIPALITY:	MUNICIPALITY: TOWN OF FORT ERIE																
PROJECT :	CRESCE	NT ACRI	ES			SANITARY	SEWER DES	IGN SHEET									
PROJECT NO:	19106																
LOCATION			AR	EA	PO	PULATION		ACCUM	IULATE	D PEAK F	LOW			DESI	GN FLOV	V	
					Population		Total			Infiltration	Total	Pipe	Pipe	Pipe	Full Flow	Full Flow	Check
Description	From	То	Increment	Accumulated	Density	Population	Popln	Peaking	Flow	Flow	Peak Flow	Diameter	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Percent
	M.H	M.H.	(hectares)	(hectares)	(persons/hectare)	Increment	Served	Factor	(L/s)	L/s	(L/s)	(mm)	(m)	(%)	(m/s)	(L/s)	Full
A1			9.28	9.28	56	520	520	4.5	8.67	1.39	10.06	300		0.22	0.65	47.3	21.3%



APPENDIX B

Crescent Acres Stormwater Management Plan (Upper Canada Consultants, 2022)



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STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

CRESCENT ACRES

TOWN OF FORT ERIE

Prepared by:

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November 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION	1
	1.1 Study Area	1
	1.2 Objectives	1
	1.3 Existing and Future Conditions	3
2.0	STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CRITERIA	3
3.0	STORMWATER ANALYSIS	4
	3.1 Design Storms	4
	3.2 Existing Conditions	5
	3.3 Proposed Conditions	7
4.0	STORMWATER MANAGEMENT ALTERNATIVES	9
	4.1 Screening of Stormwater Management Alternatives	9
	4.2 Selection of Stormwater Management Alternatives	10
5.0	STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN	12
	5.1 PROPOSED SWM FACILITY	12
	5.1.1 Water Quality	12
	5.1.2 Erosion Control	12
	5.1.3 SWM Facility Configuration	13
	5.3 Stormwater Management Facility Maintenance	17
6.0	SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL	18
7.0	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	19

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1.	Rainfall Data	5
Table 2.	Hydrologic Parameters for Existing Conditions	5
Table 3.	Hydrologic Parameters for Future Conditions	7
Table 4.	Peak Flows and Runoff Volumes	7
Table 5.	Evaluation of Stormwater Management Practices	11
Table 6.	Proposed SWM Facility - Stormwater Quality Volume Calculations	12
Table 7.	Proposed SWM Facility- Stormwater Quality Volume Requirements	12
Table 8.	Proposed Stormwater Management Facility Forebay Sizing	15
Table 9.	Proposed Stormwater Management Facility Characteristics	16
Table 10.	Proposed SWM Facility - MECP Quality Requirements Comparison	16
Table 11.	Existing and Future Peak Flow Comparison	16

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1.	Site Location Plan	2
Figure 2.	Existing Stormwater Drainage Areas	6
Figure 3.	Future Stormwater Drainage Areas	8

APPENDICES

- Appendix ANorth Crescent Park Storm Drainage Area Plan (Philips Engineering)North Crescent Park Storm Sewer Design Sheet (Philips Engineering)
- Appendix B Modified Storm Sewer Design Sheet Calculations
- Appendix C Stormwater Management Facility Details
- Appendix D MIDUSS Analysis Output Files

REFERENCES

- Keeping Soil on Construction Sites Erosion & Sediment Control Guidelines for Hamilton Harbour Watershed and Region of Hamilton-Wentworth (April 1994)
- 2. Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual Ontario Ministry of the Environment (March 2003)
- 3. Stormwater Quality Best Management Practices Ontario Ministry of Environment and Energy (June 1991)
- 4. Guidelines for Development of New Subdivisions Town of Fort Erie (2016)

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

CRESCENT ACRES

THE TOWN OF FORT ERIE

1.0 INTRODUCTION

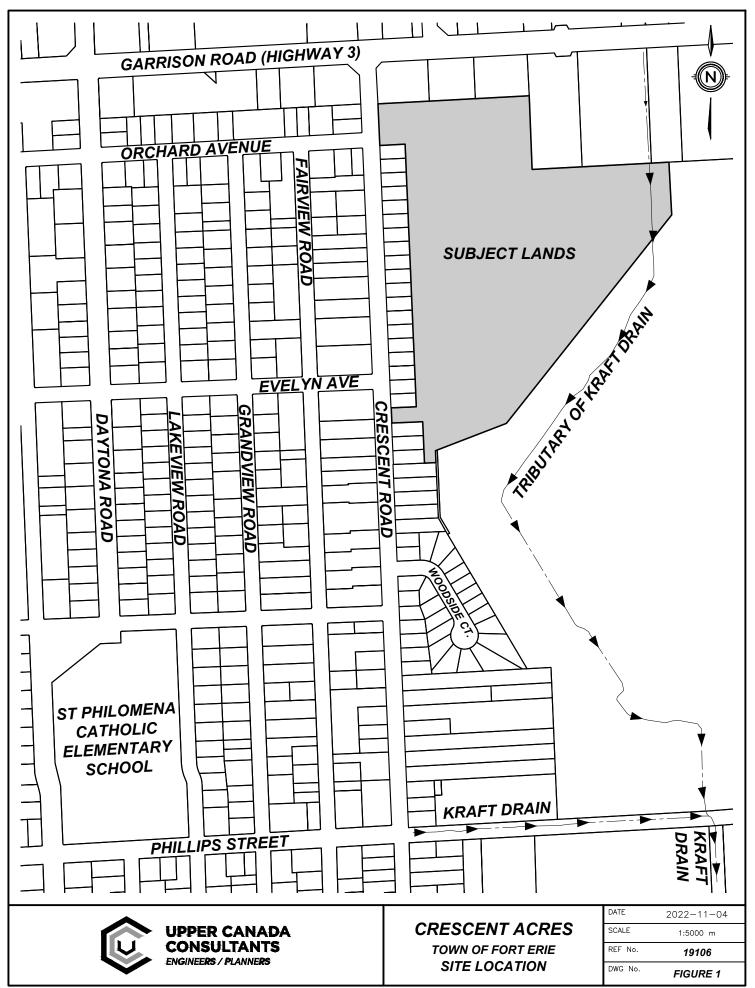
1.1 Study Area

The Crescent Acres subdivision is located in the Crescent Park neighbourhood of Town of Fort Erie. As shown in Figure 1, the subject lands are located east of Crescent Road, south of Garrison Road, west of Kraft Road, and north of Woodside Court. The current land-uses surrounding the site are low density residential to the west, commercial and residential to the north, and open space to the east and south, containing a tributary to the Kraft Drain which flows southerly along the eastern limit of the site.

1.2 Objectives

The objectives of this study are as follows:

- a. Establish criteria for the management of stormwater runoff from this site.
- b. Determine the impact of development on the peak flow of runoff from this site.
- c. Investigate alternatives for controlling the quality of stormwater runoff from this site.
- d. Establish property requirements for the stormwater management facility for the Draft Plan of Subdivision.



1.3 Existing and Future Conditions

Existing Conditions

A Storm Drainage Area Plan was prepared by Philips Engineering for the North Crescent Park area, where the subject lands are located. An associated storm sewer design sheet for the 2 year design storm event was included to demonstrate the conveyance of stormwater flows from the North Crescent Park area to the headwall structure located at the intersection of Phillips Street and Crescent Road, discharging to the Kraft Drain. A copy of the Storm Drainage Area Plan and associated sewer design calculations have been included in Appendix A for reference.

As shown in Figure 2, the existing drainage patterns for the subject lands convey stormwater flows easterly to the adjacent tributary to the Kraft Drain. As such, stormwater flows from the subject lands were not originally allocated to the storm sewers flowing southerly on Crescent Road in the Philips Engineering sewer design. However, an analysis of the sewer design calculations show that there is available capacity in the Crescent Road storm sewers to receive peak stormwater flows from the subject lands in the 2 year design storm event, and modification to the sewer design sheet also shows that capacity is available up to the 5 year design storm event.

It was calculated that the existing Crescent Road storm sewer have an available capacity of 893.91 L/s in the 2 year design storm event and 143.9 L/s in the 5 year design storm event. Stormwater flows captured and conveyed through the Crescent Road storm sewers ultimately discharge to the Kraft Drain at a headwall structure located downstream of the subject lands, immediately east of the intersection of Crescent Road and Phillips Street. The modified storm sewer design sheets have been included in Appendix B for reference.

Future Conditions

The subject lands will consist of a mixture of single detached, semi-detached, and townhouse residential dwellings. The site will be serviced with a full urban road profile including municipal water, sanitary sewers, asphalt pavement, concrete curbs, catchbasins and storm sewers.

2.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CRITERIA

New developments are required to provide stormwater management according to provincial and municipal policies including:

- Stormwater Quality Guidelines for New Development (MOEE/MNR, May 1991).
- Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual (MOE, March 2003)

Based on policies from the Region of Niagara, the Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority (NPCA), the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) and the Town of Fort Erie the following site specific considerations were identified:

- The ultimately outlet for the subject lands (Kraft Drain) has been classified as Marginal (Type 3) Fish Habitat by the Ministry of Natural Resources. Based on this classification, the corresponding MECP level of protection for new developments in these watersheds will be Normal (70% TSS Removal).
- The proposed stormwater management systems will be constructed to control future stormwater flows to allowable levels.

Based on the above policies and site specific considerations, the following stormwater management criteria have been established for this site.

- Stormwater **quality** controls are to be provided for the internal storm system of the subdivision to provide Normal Protection (70% TSS Removal) according to MECP guidelines.
- Stormwater **quantity** controls are to be provided to ensure future flow conditions are below the allowable 5 year capacity of the existing storm sewers on Crescent Road (143.9 L/s) for the 2 and 5 year design storms.
- Stormwater **quantity** controls are to be provided to ensure future flows from the subject lands are below existing levels in the Kraft Drain for the 100 year design storm.

3.0 STORMWATER ANALYSIS

Stormwater flows for the existing and future conditions were estimated using the MIDUSS computer modelling program. This program was selected because it is applicable to both urban and rural drainage areas like the subject lands. It is relatively easy to use and modify for the future drainage conditions and control facilities. It readily allows for design storm hyetographs for the various return periods being investigated.

3.1 Design Storms

Design storm hyetographs for the 2, 5, and 100 year events use a Chicago distribution based on the Intensity-Duration-Frequency (IDF) curves provided by the Town of Fort Erie. The 25mm design storm event IDF curve parameters were derived using a 4 hour Chicago distribution. Table 1 summarizes the rainfall data applied in the stormwater modelling.

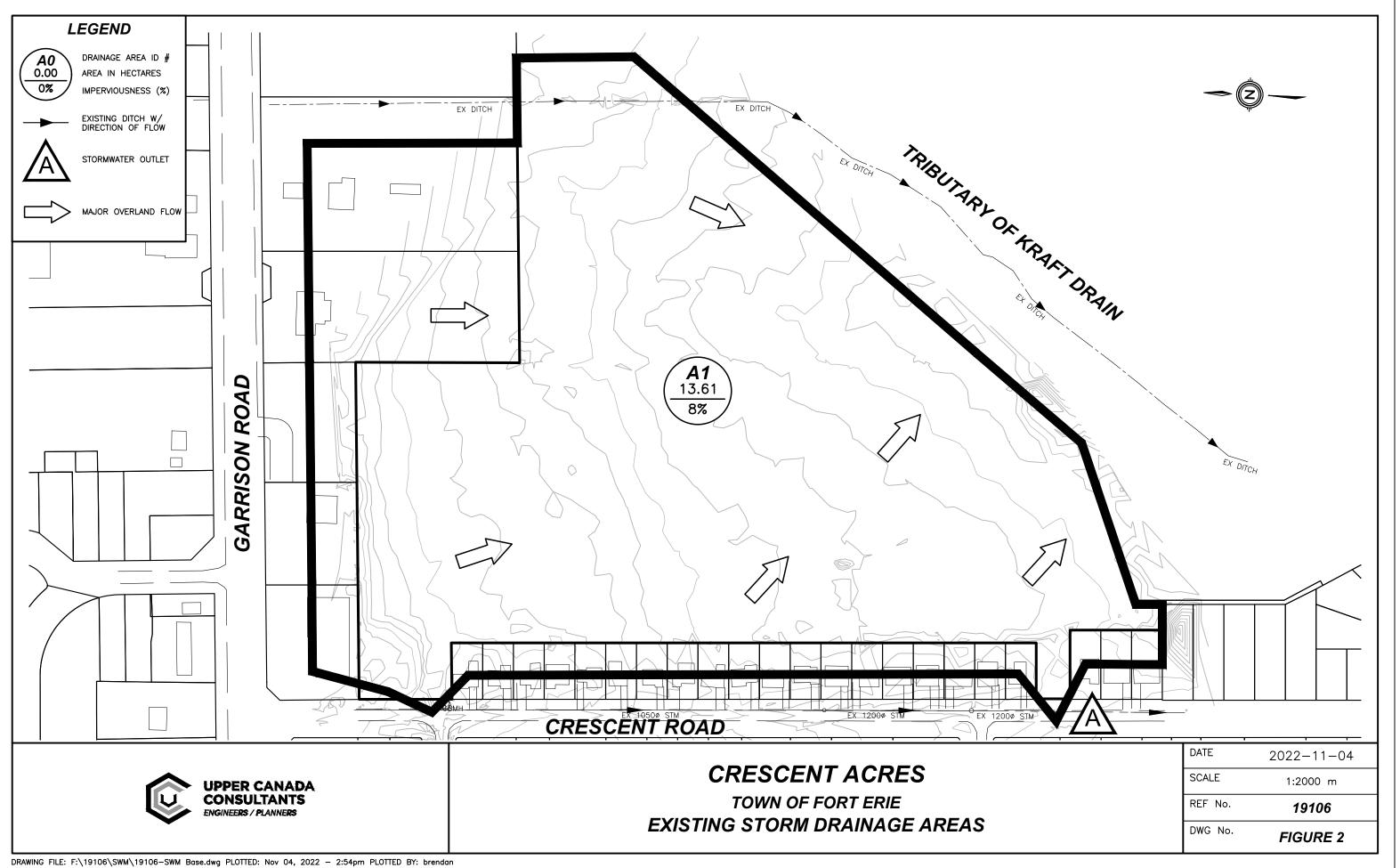
	Table 1. Rainfall Data									
Design Storm	Chicago	Derestien								
(Return Period)	a	b	c	Duration (minutes)						
25mm	512.00	6.000	0.800	240						
2 Year	628.05	6.652	0.796	240						
5 Year	747.93	6.800	0.768	240						
100 Year	1083.55	6.618	0.735	240						
	$RainfallIntensity (mm/hr) = \frac{a}{(t_d + b)^c}$ $t_d = Time of concentration/duration$									

3.2 Existing Conditions

Existing stormwater flows to the Kraft Drain were determined based on existing drainage conditions shown in Figure 2 to determine the impact of the proposed development on the receiving watercourse in the 100 year design storm event. For the 2 and 5 year design storms, future peak flows are to be controlled to the allowable capacity within the existing storm sewers on Crescent Road.

The existing drainage area, as shown in Figure 2, was assessed based on the existing parameters shown in Table 2.

	Table 2. Hydrologic Parameters for Existing Conditions									
Area	Area	Length	Slope	Manni	ng -''n''	Soil		Percent		
No.	(ha)	(m)	(%)	Perv	Imperv	Types	SCS CN	Impervious		
1	13.61	301	1.00	0.25	0.015	CD	77	8%		



3.3 Proposed Conditions

As shown in Figure 3 and summarized in Table 3 below, the future stormwater drainage areas have been delineated as follows:

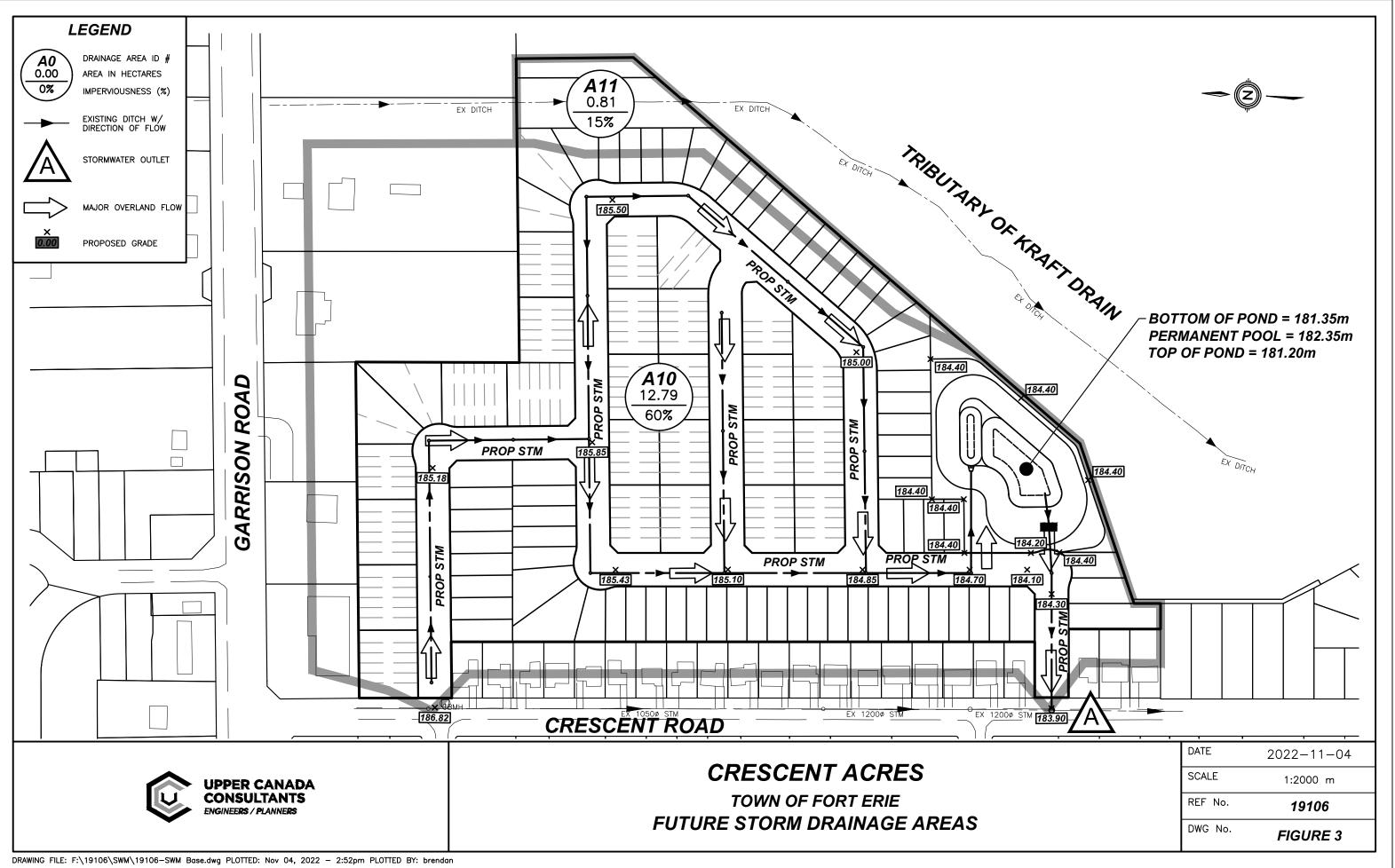
- Area A10, which conveys stormwater flows to the existing storm sewers on Crescent Road; and,
- Area A11, which conveys uncontrolled flows directly to the existing tributary to the Kraft Drain to maintain base flows within the tributary.

	Table 3. Hydrologic Parameters for Future Conditions									
Area	Area	Length	Slope	Manning -''n''		Soil		Percent		
No.	(ha)	(m)	(%)	Perv	Imperv	Types	SCS CN	Impervious		
10	12.79	292	1.0%	0.25	0.015	CD	77	60%		
11	0.81	73	1.0%	0.25	0.015	CD	77	15%		

Drainage area A11 conveys clean stormwater flows from the grassed open space area within the subject lands and the rear yard areas of the proposed residential dwellings. Therefore, the uncontrolled stormwater drainage from Area A11 will have no negative impact on the overall quality of stormwater flows discharging to the existing tributary to the Kraft Drain.

	Table 4. Peak Flows and Runoff Volumes									
Decian	Peak	K Flows (m ³ /	's)	Runoff Volumes (m ³)						
Design Storm	Existing/ Allowable	Future*	Change	Existing	Future*	Change				
2 Year	0.144	0.887	516%	-	-	-				
5 Year	0.144	1.246	765%	-	-	-				
100 Year	100 Year 0.477 2.140 349% 4,789 7,311 53%									
Note	e: * denotes peak	flows without	any Stormwat	er Management	t Facility in pla	ice.				

As shown in Table 4, peak stormwater flows and volumes increase above allowable/existing levels under future conditions. Therefore, stormwater management quantity controls (storage) will be required.



4.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT ALTERNATIVES

4.1 Screening of Stormwater Management Alternatives

A variety of stormwater management alternatives are available to control the quantity and quality of stormwater runoff, most of which are described in the Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual (MOE, March 2003). Alternatives for this site were considered in the following broad categories: lot level, vegetative, infiltration and surface storage controls. Individual alternatives are listed in Table 5 with comments on their effectiveness and applicability to this site.

a. Lot Level Controls

Lot level controls are not generally suitable as the primary control facility for quality control. They are generally used to enhance stormwater quality levels in conjunction with other types of control facilities. Where soils are suitable, infiltration techniques can be very effective in providing quantity and quality control.

b. <u>Vegetative Alternatives</u>

Vegetative stormwater management practices are generally not suitable as the primary control facility for quantity or quality controls. They are generally used to reduce the rate of runoff and to enhance stormwater quality in conjunction with other types of control facilities.

c. <u>Infiltration Alternatives</u>

Where soils are suitable, infiltration alternative can be very effective in providing both quality and quantity controls. However, economics generally limit the use of these techniques to relatively small sites (<1.5 ha). The soils on this site are predominantly clay with infiltration rates of less than 12 mm/hr. Infiltration alternatives may provide some quality benefits, however, due to the low infiltration rates and large development site, infiltration alternatives are not considered feasible for the primary control facilities.

d. Storage

Surface storage techniques can be very effective in providing quality and quantity control. Dry facilities are effective practices for stormwater erosion and flood control for large drainage areas (>5 ha).

Wet facilities are effective practices for stormwater erosion, quality and quantity control for large drainage areas (>5 ha).

4.2 Selection of Stormwater Management Alternatives

Stormwater management alternatives were screened based on technical effectiveness, physical suitability for this site, and their ability to meet the stormwater management criteria established for this site. The following stormwater management alternatives are recommended for implementation on this site:

- a. **Lot grading** to be kept as flat as practical in order to slow down runoff and encourage infiltration.
- b. **Roof water leaders** to be discharged to the ground surface in order to slow down runoff and encourage infiltration.
- c. **Grassed swales** to be used to collect and convey rear lot drainage.
- d. **A wet pond** will be used to provide stormwater quality control and quantity control and downstream erosion control for frequent storms.

	Table 5. Evaluation of Stormwater Management Practices										
Crescent Acres		Criteria f Stormwater Mar	or Implementation agement Practic	Technical	Recommend						
	Topography	Soils	Bedrock	Groundwater	Area	Effectiveness	Implementation	Comments			
Site Conditions	Flat <1%	Clay <12mm/hr	At Considerable Depth	At Considerable Depth	±12.79 ha	(10 high)	Yes / No				
Lot Level Controls											
Lot Grading	<5%	nlc	nlc	nlc	nlc	2	Yes	Quality/quantity benefits			
Roof Leaders to Surface	nlc	nlc	nlc	nlc	nlc	2	Yes	Quality/quantity benefits			
Roof Ldrs.to Soakaway Pits	nlc	loam, infiltr. > 15 mm/hr	>1m Below Bottom	>1m Below Bottom	< 0.5 ha	6	No	Quality/quantity benefits			
Sump Pump Fdtn. Drains	nlc	nlc	nlc	nlc	nlc	2	Yes	Unsuitable site soil conditions			
Vegetative											
Grassed Swales	< 5 %	nlc	nlc	nlc	nlc	7	Yes	Quality/quantity benefits			
Filter Strips(Veg. Buffer)	< 10 %	nlc	nlc	>.5m Below Bottom	< 2 ha	5	No	Unsuitable site conditions			
Infiltration											
Infiltration Basins	nlc	loam, infiltr. > 15 mm/hr	>1m Below Bottom	>1m Below Bottom	< 5 ha	2	No	Unsuitable site soil conditions			
Infiltration Trench	nlc	loam, infiltr. > 15 mm/hr	>1m Below Bottom	>1m Below Bottom	< 2 ha	4	No	Unsuitable site soil conditions			
Rear Yard Infiltration	< 2.0 %	loam, infiltr. > 15 mm/hr	>1m Below Bottom	>1m Below Bottom	< 0.5 ha	7	No	Unsuitable site soil conditions			
Perforated Pipes	nlc	loam, infiltr. > 15 mm/hr	>1m Below Bottom	>1m Below Bottom	nlc	4	No	Unsuitable site soil conditions			
Pervious Catch basins	nlc	loam, infiltr. > 15 mm/hr	>1m Below Bottom	>1m Below Bottom	nlc	3	No	Unsuitable site soil conditions			
Sand Filters	nlc	nlc	nlc	>.5m Below Bottom	< 5 ha	5	No	High maintenance/poor aesthetics			
Surface Storage											
Dry Ponds	nlc	nlc	nlc	nlc	> 5 ha	7	No	Less effective than wet facilities			
Wet Ponds	nlc	nlc	nlc	nlc	> 5 ha	10	Yes	Effective quality control			
Wet Lands	nlc	nlc	nlc	nlc	> 5 ha	9	No	Very effective quality control			
Other											
Underground Storage	nlc	nlc	nlc	nlc	< 2.0 ha	8	No	Quantity benefits only			
Oil/Grit Separator	nlc	nlc	nlc	nlc	< 2.7 ha	3	No	Quality benefits only			

Reference : Stormwater Management Practices Planning and Design Manual - 1994 nlc - No Limiting Criteria

5.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

A MIDUSS model was created to assess existing and future peak flows and stormwater volumes generated within the site. The proposed stormwater management facility shall provide quality and quantity controls for the subject lands.

The MIDUSS modelling output files for existing and future conditions have been provided in Appendix D for reference.

5.1 PROPOSED SWM FACILITY

5.1.1 Water Quality

The stormwater drainage outlet for the proposed wet pond is the Kraft Drain, where *Normal* protection is required. Based on Table 3.2 of SWMP & Design Manual, the Normal water quality storage requirement for wet pond facilities in a development with 60% impervious area is approximately 117 m³/ha. The wet pond facility will provide stormwater quality controls for a drainage area of approximately 12.79 hectares as shown in the Table 6 as follows:

Table 6. Proposed SWM Facility - Stormwater Quality Volume Calculations								
Total Water Quality Volume = 12.79 ha x 117 m ³ /ha = 985 m ³	Reference: Table 3.2, SWMP & Design Manual (MOE 2003)							
Permanent Pool Volume = 12.79 ha x 77 m ³ /ha = 985 m ³	Extended Detention Volume = 12.79 ha x 40 m ³ /ha = 512 m ³							

5.1.2 Erosion Control

Using the MIDUSS hydrological model, the stormwater volume from the 25mm - 4 hour design storm event for the 12.79 hectare study area is $1,702 \text{ m}^3$.

The following table shows the stormwater storage volumes required using both the water quality and erosion control guidelines.

ſ	Table 7. Proposed SWM Facility- Stormwater Quality Volume Requirements						
A.	Permanent Pool Volume	985 m ³					
B.	Extended Detention Volume	512 m ³					
C.	Stormwater Volume from 25mm - 4 hour rainfall event	$1,702 m^3$					
D.	Maximum Extended Detention Volume (greater of B & C)	$1,702 m^3$					
	Total Quality and Extended Detention Volume (A + D)	2,687 m ³					

5.1.3 SWM Facility Configuration

It is proposed to construct a three stage outlet control structure for the facility. The first stage of control consists of an orifice to detain the extended detention volume and release it slowly over an extended period of time (minimum of 24 hours). The second stage of control is provided by a double ditch inlet catch basin and outlet control pipe which provide an outlet for flows exceeding the extended detention volume. The third stage of control is provided by an overflow spillway for major stormwater events.

The bottom elevation of the facility is 181.35 m and the permanent pool water level is 182.35 m for a water depth of 1.0 metres and provides 1,043 m³ of permanent storage in the facility. The effective top of the facility is proposed at 184.21 m, and the facility will be constructed with 10:1 and 7:1 side slopes max in accordance with the Town of Fort Erie "Guidelines for Development of New Subdivisions" (2016).

Based on the proposed configuration of the proposed facility shown in Figure 3, it was determined that a 150mm diameter orifice at an invert of 182.35 m will provide approximately 36.8 hours of detention for the extended detention volume of storage. The proposed detention time for this facility was calculated using Equation 4.11 from section 4.6.2 of the Stormwater Management Planning & Design Manual (MOE, 2003).

The rim elevation for the double ditch inlet chamber is proposed at 183.70 m and will provide a maximum extended detention volume of $4,153 \text{ m}^3$, which is greater than the required $1,702 \text{ m}^3$. A 450mm outlet control pipe shall operate as an orifice at an invert of 182.35 m in the ditch inlet and conveys stormwater flows up to and including the 5 year design storm event to the existing storm sewers on Crescent Road.

To control stormwater flows in excess of the 5 year design storm event, a major overland flow path has been proposed to convey major overland flows from the internal subdivision roadways to the proposed SWM Facility, as shown in Figure 3. When the water surface elevation within the SWM facility exceeds 184.20 m, stormwater flows are conveyed westerly overland to the southern proposed roadway entrance onto Crescent Road without surcharging northerly within the subdivision.

The proposed roadway entrance will function as a overflow "weir" at the proposed high point of 184.30m. Major stormwater flows will discharge westerly to the road allowance of Crescent Road from the proposed curb and gutter, which will function as the weir "crest" at an elevation of 184.21m. To prevent major stormwater flows from discharging to the tributary to the Kraft Drain from the proposed SWM facility, a berm will be constructed along the eastern limit of the SWM Facility. The proposed building aprons and berm will be constructed to a minimum elevation of 184.40m.

A stage-storage-discharge relationship was prepared for the facility, which is included in Appendix C for reference purposes.

A sediment forebay was included in this stormwater management facility to minimize the transport of heavy sediment from the storm sewer outlet throughout the facility and to localize maintenance activities. Preliminary calculations for the forebay sizing follow MECP Guidelines and is shown in Table 8 for the storm sewer outlet.

Table 8. Proposed Stormwater Management Facility Forebay Sizing							
a) Forebay Settling Length (MOE SWMP&D, Equation 4.5)							
	r =	6.5	:1	(Length:Width Ratio)			
Settling Length = $\sqrt{\frac{r * Qp}{Vs}}$	$Q_p =$	0.023	m ³ /s	(25mm Storm Pond Discharge)			
	$V_s =$	0.0003	m/s	(Settling Velocity)			
Settling Length = 22.32	m						
b) Dispersion Length (MOE S	WMP&D, E	quation 4	4.6)				
D	Q =	1.246	m ³ /s	(5 Yr Stm Sew Design Inflow)			
Dispersion Length = $\frac{8 Q}{D V_f}$	D =	1.50	m	(Depth of Forebay)			
	$V_{\rm f}$ =	0.5	m/s	(Desired Velocity)			
Dispersion Length = 13.29	m						
c) Minimum Forebay Deep Zor	ne Bottom V	Vidth (M	OE SW	MP&D, Equation 4.7)			
$Width = \frac{Dispersion \ Length}{8}$	Minimum	Forebay	Length	from Equations 3.3 and 3.4			
8		22.32	m	(minimum required length)			
Width = 2.79 m (minimum required width)							
d) Average Velocity of Flow							
	Q =	0.679	m ³ /s	(Storm Sewer Quality Design Inflow)			
	A =	12.75	m^2	(Cross Sectional Area)			
Average Velocity = $\frac{Q}{A}$	D =	1.50	m	(Depth of Forebay)			
	$\mathbf{W} =$	4.00	m	(Proposed Bottom Width)			
	S =	3	:1	(Side slopes - minimum)			
Average Velocity = 0.05	5 m/s						
Is this Acceptable? Yes	(Maxi	mum vel	ocity of	flow = 0.15 m/s)			
e) Cleanout Frequency							
Is this Acceptable? Yes	L=	26.0	m	(Proposed Bottom Length)			
	ASL =	2.0	m³/ha	(Annual Sediment Loading)			
	A =	12.79	ha	(Drainage Area)			
	FRC =	70	%	(Facility Removal Efficiency)			
	FV =	419.3	m^3	(Forebay Volume)			
Cleanout Frequency = 11.5	years						
Is this Acceptable? Yes	(10 ye	ar minim	num clea	anout frequency)			

Tables 9 summarizes the characteristics of the proposed Wet Pond for various design storm events and indicates the peak flow to Crescent Road and ultimately the Kraft Drain. Based on the MIDUSS model, the maximum wet pond elevation is 184.00 m with an active storage volume of $5,522 \text{ m}^3$ for the 100 year design storm event.

Table 9. 1	Proposed Stormw	vater Manageme	nt Facility Chara	cteristics
Design Storm	Peak Flo	ws (m ³ /s)	Maximum	Maximum
(Return Period)	Inflow	Outflow	Elevation	Volume (m ³)
2 Year	0.887	0.030	183.01	1,846
5 Year	1.246	0.046	183.37	2,855
100 Year	2.089	0.144	184.00	5,522

Table 10. Proposed SWM Facility - MECP Quality Requirements Comparison										
SWM Facility Characteristic	MECP Requirement	Provided by SWM Facility Configuration								
Permanent Pool Volume (m ³)	985 (min)	784								
Extended Detention Volume (m ³)	1,702 (min)	3,886								
Total Quality + Detention Storage (m ³)	2,687 (min)	4,670								
Forebay Length (m)	22.32 (min)	26.00								
Forebay Width (m)	2.79 (min)	4.00								
Average Forebay Velocity (m/s)	0.15 (max)	0.05								
Cleanout Frequency (years)	10 (min)	11.5								

As shown in Tables 10 and 11, the proposed stormwater management facility configuration satisfies both the quality and quantity requirements for the 12.79 hectare drainage area.

Table	11. Existing and Futur	re Peak Flow Compari	son
	Peak Flor	ws (m ³ /s)	
Design Storm (Return Period)	Existing / Allowable Conditions	Future Conditions	Change (%)
2 Year	0.144	0.023	-84.0%
5 Year	0.144	0.030	-79.2%
100 Year	0.477	0.152	-68.1%

5.3 Stormwater Management Facility Maintenance

Maintenance is a necessary and important aspect of urban stormwater quality and quantity measures such as constructed wetlands. Many pollutants (ie. nutrients, metals, bacteria, etc.) bind to sediment and therefore removal of sediment on a scheduled basis is required.

The wet pond for this development is subject to frequent wetting and deposition of sediments as a result of frequent low intensity storm events. The purpose of the wet pond is to improve future sediment and contaminant loadings by detaining the 'first flush' flow for a 24 hour period. For the initial operation period of the stormwater management facility, the required frequency of maintenance is not definitively known and many of the maintenance tasks will be performed on an 'as required' basis.

For example, during the home construction phase of the development there will be a greater potential for increased maintenance frequency, which depends on the effectiveness of sediment and erosion control techniques employed.

Inspections of the wet pond will indicate whether or not maintenance is required. Inspections should be made after every significant storm during the first two years of operation or until all development is completed to ensure the wet pond is functioning properly. This may translate into an average of six inspections per year. Once all building activity is finalized, inspections shall be performed annually. The following points should be addressed during inspections of the facility.

- a) Standing water above the inlet storm sewer invert a day or more after a storm may indicate a blockage in the reverse slope pipe or orifice. The blockage may be caused by trash or sediment and a visual inspection would be required to determine the cause.
- b) The vegetation around the wet pond should be inspected to ensure its function and aesthetics. Visual inspections will indicate whether replacement of plantings are required. A decline in vegetation habitat may indicate that other aspects of the constructed wet pond are operating improperly, such as the detention times may be inadequate or excessive.
- c) The accumulation of sediment and debris at the wet pond inlet sediment forebay or around the high water line of the wet pond should be inspected. This will indicate the need for sediment removal or debris clean up.
- d) The wet pond has been created by excavating a detention area. The integrity of the embankments should be periodically checked to ensure that it remains watertight and the side slopes have not sloughed.

Grass cutting is a maintenance activity that is done solely for aesthetic purposes. It is recommended that grass cutting be eliminated. It should be noted that municipal by-laws may require regular grass maintenance for weed control.

Trash removal is an integral part of maintenance and an annual cleanup, usually in the spring, is a minimum requirement. After this, trash removal is performed as required basis on observation of trash build-up during inspections.

To ensure long term effectiveness, the sediment that accumulates in the forebay area should be removed periodically to ensure that sediment in not deposited throughout the facility. For sediment removal operations, typical grading/excavating equipment should be used to remove sediment from the inlet forebay and detention areas. Care should be taken to ensure that limited damage occurs to existing vegetation and habitat.

Generally the sediment which is removed from the detention pond will not be contaminated to the point that it would be classified as hazardous waste. However, the sediment should be tested to determine the disposal options.

6.0 SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL

Sediment and erosion controls are required during all construction phases of this development to limit the transport of sediment into downstream watercourses. Proposed sediment and erosion controls will be provided during for the final design and will include:

- Silt control fencing to minimize the transport of sediment offsite from the construction process.
- Straw bale filters in accordance with MNR/MOE guidelines.
- Re-vegetate disturbed areas as soon as possible after grading works have been completed.

7.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the findings of this study, the following conclusions are offered:

- Infiltration techniques are not suitable for this site as the primary control facility due to the site size and soil conditions.
- Roof water leaders shall discharge to grade to enhance the future infiltration levels.
- A single stormwater management wet pond facility shall be constructed to provide quality and quantity control.
- Various lot level and vegetative stormwater management practices can be implemented to enhance stormwater quality.
- This report was prepared in accordance with the provincial guidelines contained in "Stormwater Management Planning and Design Manual, March 2003".

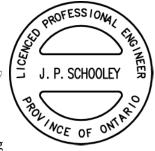
The above conclusions lead to the following recommendations:

- That the stormwater management criteria established in this report be accepted.
- That the stormwater management wet pond be constructed.
- That additional lot level controls and vegetative stormwater management practices as described previously in this report be implemented.
- That sediment and erosion controls during construction as described in this report be implemented.

Prepared By:

Brendan Kapteyn, E.I.T.

Reviewed By:

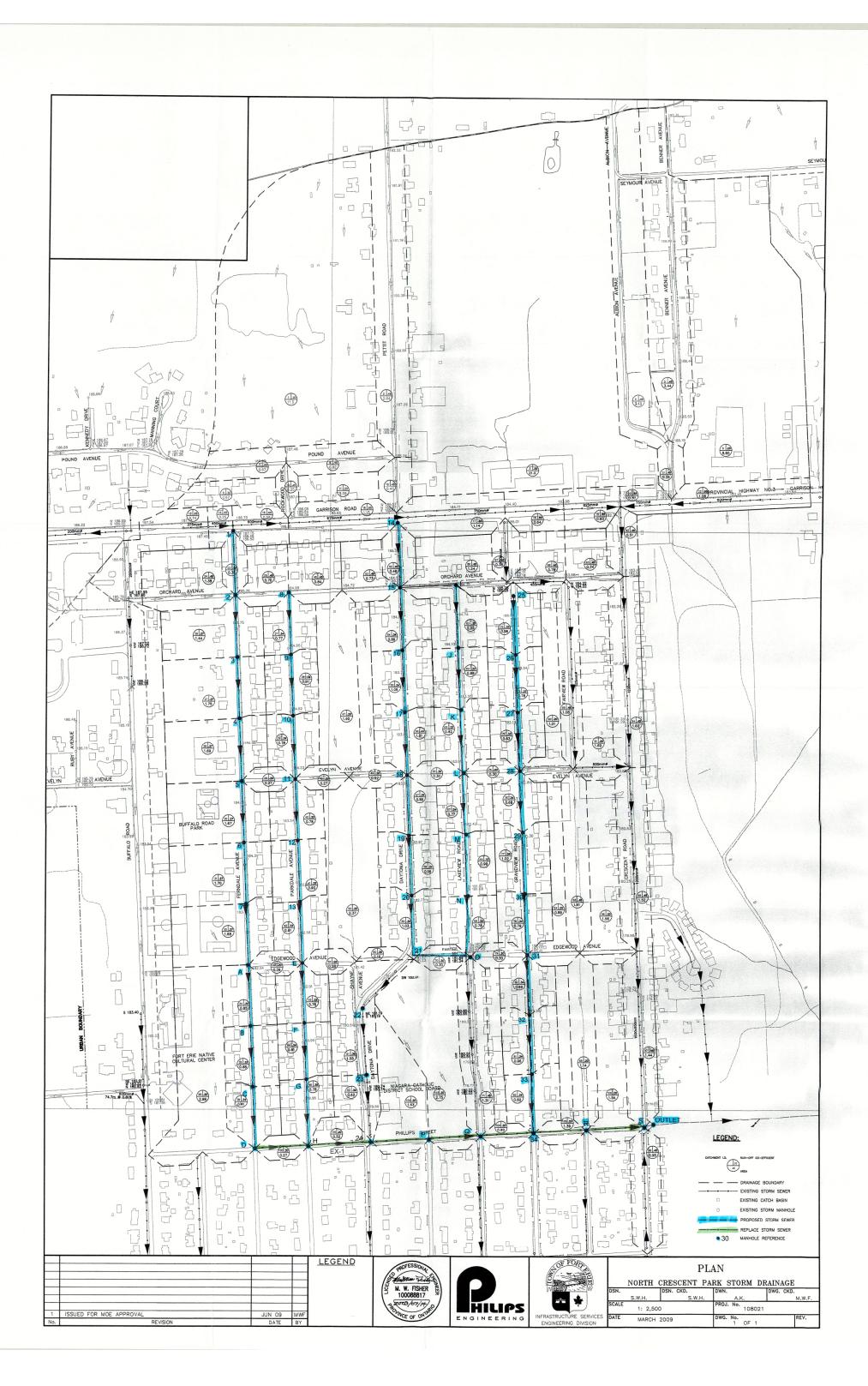


Jason Schooley, P.Eng

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A

North Crescent Park Storm Drainage Area Plan (Philips Engineering) North Crescent Park Storm Sewer Design Sheet (Philips Engineering)





FILE: <u>108021 - STMDESIGN.xls</u> DATE: July 14, 2009

THE TOWN OF FORT ERIE COMMUNITY PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES STORM SEWER DESIGN SHEET

PIPE:

n: 0.013

Modified System Q = 2.778 CIA 2 Year $I = A/(B + T_c)^C$ STRUCTURE DESIGN FLOW RUNOFF FROM MH TIME OF RAINFALL TO MH AREA PIPE LOCATION TOTAL CXA CxA AREA ID COEFF PIPE DIA LENGTH INTENSITY CONC Q. SLOPE VELOCITY APPROX. (ha) (ha) (ha) NO. INV. (mm) С NO. INV. Sani. Inver (min) i₅ (mm/hr) (m) (I/s) COVER (%) (m/s) East Drainage - Towards Kraft Drain Garrison Road and North Area North Area Garrison Crescent 1 - 22 61.01 0.30 18.1245 18.1245 10.00 66.9433 3371 0.10 825 0.86 675.0 Ferndale Avenue - Garrison to Phillips erndale MH 1 184.793 MH 2 184.526 184.89 23 0.35 0.45 0.1575 0.1575 10.00 66.9433 0.25 29 375 0.80 107.0 Orchard Buffalo Ferndale 24 1.38 0.45 0.6210 0.6210 10.00 66.9433 115 0.20 OVLD 170.0 Parkdale Orchard Ferndale 25 0.70 0.45 0.3150 0.3150 10.00 66.9433 59 0.20 OVLD 90.00 MH 2 Ferndale 184.301 MH 3 184.136 184.96 26 1.44 0.27 0.3888 1.4823 12.22 60.5879 249 0.16 600 0.88 103.0 erndale MH 3 184.136 MH 4 183.899 184.53 27 1.75 0.27 0.4725 1.9548 56.0155 14.18 304 0.23 600 1.05 103.00 Ferndale MH 4 183,899 MH 5 183.577 184.21 28 1.69 0,27 0.4563 2.4111 15.81 52.7532 353 0.31 600 1.22 104.0 Evelyn Parkdale Ferndale 29 0.27 0.20 0.0540 0.0540 10.00 66.9433 10 0.20 OVLD 100.00 MH 5 Ferndale 183.577 MH 6 183.067 183.83 30 1.67 0.27 0.4509 2.9160 17.23 50.2434 407 0.50 600 1.55 102.00 MH 6 Ferndale 183.067 MH 7 182.455 183.23 31 1.70 0.27 0.4590 3.3750 18.32 48.4813 455 0.60 600 1.70 102.00 MH 7 erndale 182.455 MH A 181.751 182.85 32 1.68 0.27 0.4536 3.8286 19.32 46.9897 500 0.61 1.71 600 115.4 dgewood Parkdale 181.730 Ferndale 33 0.28 0.20 0.0560 0.0560 10.00 66.9433 10 0.10 OVLD 150.00 erndale MH A 181.751 MHB 181.151 181.65 34 0.85 0.34 0.2890 4.1736 20.45 527 45.4341 0.68 600 1.81 88.1 erndale MH B 180.851 MHC 180,749 179.97 35 0.88 0.33 0.2904 4.4640 21.26 44.3787 550 0.10 900 0.91 102.00 erndale MHC 180.749 MHD 180.647 179.60 36 0.81 0.34 0.2754 4.7394 23.13 42.1467 555 0.10 900 0.91 102.00 Parkdale Avenue - Orchard to Phillips Parkdale MH 8 184.360 MH 9 184.103 184.53 37 0.77 0.34 0.2618 0.2618 10.00 66,9433 49 0.25 375 0.80 103.00 Parkdale MH 9 184,103 MH 10 183.814 184.13 38 0.91 0.34 0.3094 0.5712 12.14 60.8011 96 0.28 375 0.85 MH 10 103.00 Parkdale 183.739 MH 11 183.531 183.64 39 0.78 0.34 0.2652 0.8364 14.16 56.0507 130 0.20 450 0.81 104.00 MH 11 Parkdale 183.531 MH 12 182.511 182.88 40 0.78 0.33 0.2574 1.0938 16.30 51.8512 158 1.00 450 1.81 102.00 Parkdale MH 12 182.511 MH 13 181.899 182.30 41 0.90 0.33 0.2970 1.3908 17.24 50.2236 194 0.60 450 1.40 102.00 Parkdale MH 13 181.899 MHE 181,185 181.85 42 0.81 0.33 0.2673 1.6581 18.45 48.2847 222 0.70 450 1.52 102.00 Parkdale MHE 180.960 MHF 180.838 180.71 43 0.76 0.33 0.2508 1.9089 19.57 46.6337 247 0.12 675 0.82 102.00 Parkdale MHF 180.763 MHG 180.661 179.52 44 0.81 0.34 0.2754 2.1843 21.64 43.9007 266 0.10 750 0.81 102.00 Parkdale MHG 180.661 MH H 180.559 45 0.78 0.35 0.2730 2.4573 23.75 41.4567 283 0.10 750 0.81 102.00 Shayne Avenue - Orchard to Daytona Drchard Parkdale Shayne 46 0.84 0.45 0.3780 0.3780 10.00 66.9433 70 0.10 OVLD 90.00 Shayne Orchard Evelyn 47 1.90 0.20 0.3800 0.7580 10.00 66,9433 141 0.60 OVLD 320.00 velyn Parkdale Shayne 48 0.27 0.20 0.0540 0.0540 10.00 66.9433 10 0.10 OVLD 90.00 Evelyn Daytona Shayne 49 0.92 0.20 0.1840 0.1840 10.00 66.9433 34 0.10 OVLD 90.00 Shayne Evelyn Edgewood 50 2.37 0.20 0.4740 1.4700 10.00 66.9433 273 1.00 OVLD 320.00 Parkdale Edgewood Shayne 51 0.28 0.20 0.0560 0.0560 10.00 66.9433 10 0.10 OVLD 100.00

	2 Year		100 Year
A	628.050	A	1083.550
в	6.652	в	6.618
С	0.796	С	0.735

1	TIME OF FLOW (min)	PIPE CAPACITY (I/s)	PERCENT FULL	RAINFALL INTENSITY i100 (mm/hr)	DES FLOW Q ₁₀₀ (I/s)	OVERLANI FLOW (I/s)
00	13.11	474	712	137.3168	6914	6.440
00	2.22	91	32	137.3168	60	-3
00				137.3168	237	23
00				137.3168	120	12
00	1.96	256	97	125.2119	516	25
00	1.63	307	99	116.4461	632	32
00	1.42	357	99	110.1602	738	38
00				137.3168	21	2
00	1.10	453	90	105.3049	853	40
00	1.00	496	92	101.8854	955	45
41	1.12	500	100	98.9837	1053	55
00				137.3168	21	2
18	0.81	528	100	95.9503	1112	584
00	1.87	597	92	93.8878	1164	567
00	1.87	597	93	89.5140	1179	581
00	2.14	91	53	137.3168	100	0.0084
00	2.02	97	100	125.6194	199	0.1025
0	2.14	133	98	116.5138	271	0.1377
0	0.94	297	53	108.4173	329	0.0320
0	1.21	230	84	105.2666	407	0.1763
0	1.12	249	89	101.5034	468	0.2187
0	2.07	304	81	98.2902	521	0.2174
0	2.11	367	73	92.9525	564	0.1968
0	2.11	367	77	88.1586	602	0.2345
0				137.3168	144	0.1442
0				137.3168	289	0.2892
0				137.3168	21	0.0206
0				137.3168	70	0.0702
D				137.3168	561	0.5608
0				137.3168	21	0.0214

			STRU	ICTURE							T		Т	DESIGN	FLOW									
LOCATIO	N	FROM MH			то мн		AREA ID	AREA	RUNOFF COEFF	СхА	TOTAL CXA	TIME OF	RAINFALL	DEGICI		PIPE DIA	PIPE	LENGTH	TIME OF	PIPE	PERCENT	RAINFALL	DES FLOW	
	NO.	INV.	APPROX. COVER	NO.	INV.	Sani. Invert	1	(ha)	C	(ha)	(ha)	CONC (min)	INTENSITY i₅ (mm/hr)	Q ₅ (I/s)	SLOPE (%)	(mm)	VELOCITY (m/s)	(m)	FLOW (min)	CAPACITY (i/s)	FULL	INTENSITY i100 (mm/hr)	Q ₁₀₀ (I/s)	FLOW (I/s)
Daytona Dr	rive - Garrison to	Phillips															18							
Daytona	MH 14	184.170	1	MH 15	183.902	184.17	52	0.40	0.45															
Orchard	Shayne	-		Daytona	100.002	104,17	53	0.48	0.45	0.2160		10.00		40	0.25	375	0.80	107.00	2.22	91	44	137.3168	8 82	2 0.000
Daytona	MH 15	183.827		MH 16	183.197	183.45	54	0.86	0.45	0.3285		10.00		61	0.10	OVLD		100.00				137,3168	125	5 0.12
Daytona	MH 16	183.122		MH 17	182.860	183.14	55	1.06	0.34	0.2924		12.22		141	0.60	450	1.40	105.00	1.25	230	61	125.2119	291	0.06
Daytona	MH 17	182.860		MH 18	182.492	182.85	56	1.00	0.34	0.3604		13.47		192	0.25	525	1.00	105.00	1.74	224	85	119.4506	397	0.17
Daytona	MH 18	182.417		MH 19	182.237	182.47	57	0.85	0.34	0.3434		15.21	53,8950	231	0.35	525		105.00	1.47	265	87	112.3634	481	0.21
Daytona	MH 19	182.237		MH 20	181.987	182.17	58	0.96	0.34	0.2890	100.000	16.69	51.1689	260	0.18	600		100.00	1.79	272	96	107.0974	544	0.272
Daytona	MH 20	181.987		MH 21	181.736	180.93	59	1.03	0.34	0.3264		18.48	48.2460	289	0.25	600		100.00	1.52	320	90	101.4281	608	0.287
Edgewood	Shayne			Daytona			60	0.16	0.34	0.3502	The second second	20.00		321	0.25	600	1.10	100.00	1.52	321	100	97.1406	676	0.355
Daytona	MH 21	181.526		MHO	181.350			0.00	0.20	0.0320		10.00	66.9433	290	0.10	OVLD		100.00				137.3168	594	0.594
Daytona	MH 22			MH 23	1000 0000 0000		60A, 61	1.55	0.39	0.0000		21.51	44.0604	497	0.20	750		88.00	1.29	519	96	93.2651	1053	0.533
Daytona	MH 23			MH 24			62	0.62	0.39	0.6106	and the second sec	10.00	66.9433	114	0.40	525	1.27	112.00	1.47	284	40	137.3168	233	0.000
								0.02	0.39	0.2418	0.8524	11.47	62.5838	148	0.40	525	1.27	111.00	1.46	284	52	129.0229	306	0.021
akeview R	oad - Orchard to	Phillips																						
		r mmps																						
akeview	MHT	183.670		MH J	183.435	183.67	63	0.98	0.35	0.3430	0.3430	10.00	66.9433	64	0.25	375	0.80	0100	1.00				interest	<u></u>
akeview	MH J	183.435		MHK	182.857	183.08	64	0.88	0.33	0.2904	0.6334	11.95	61.2870	108	0.25	375	0.80	94.00	1.95	91	70			
akeview	MHK	182.782		MHL	182.205	182.44	65	0.92	0.33	0.3036	0.9370	13.42	57.6854	150	0.55	450	1.19	105.00	1.47	136	79	126.5478		
velyn	Daytona			Lakeview			66	0.30	0.20	0.0600	0.0600	10.00	66.9433	11	0.20	OVLD	1.04	105.00	1.30	221	68	119.6534		0.090
akeview	MH L	182.205		MH M	181.786	181.91	67	0.77	0.34	0.2618	1.2588	14.73	54.8701	192	0.20	450	1.16	90.00			020	137.3168	23	
akeview	MHM	181.636		MH N	181.493	180.98	68	0.99	0.33	0.3267	1.5855	16.19	52.0526	229	0.41	600	0.82	102.00	1.46	191	101	114.2422		
akeview	MHN	181.493		MHO	181.350	180.28	69	0.78	0.34	0.2652	1.8507	22.80	42.5199	219	0.14	600	0.82	102.00	2.07	240	96	108.8066	479	
dgewood	Daytona			Lakeview			70	0.30	0.20	0.0600	0.0600	10.00	66.9433	11	0.14	OVLD	0.82	102.00	2.07	240	91	90.2466	464	
akeview	Edgewood	181.350		Phillips	179.860		71	1.31	0.45	0.5895	6.5645	24.87	40.2818	735	0.10	750	1.80	90.00	0.07	001		137.3168	23	and the second s
															0.00	/30	1.00	310.00	2.87	821	89	85.8464	1566	0.744
randview -	Orchard to Phill	ps			1																			
randview	MH 25	182.259	4.34	MH 26	182.063	182.31	72	0.96	0.33	0.3168	0.3168	10.00	00.0400		1.05-042	200	100000	(2. C. C. C. C.						
randview	MH 26	182.063	4.54	MH 27	181.671	181.88	73	0.78	0.33	0.2574	0.5742	10.00	66.9433	59	0.20	450	0.81	98.00	2.02	133	44	137.3168	121	0.000
randview	MH 27	181.671	4.93	MH 28	181.279	181.48	74	0.83	0.33	0.2739	0.8481	12.02	61,1226	97	0.40	450	1.15	98.00	1.43	188	52	126.2337	201	0.013
velyn	Lakeview			Grandview			75	0.30	0.20	0.0600	0.0600	13.44	57.6453	136	0.40	450	1.15	98.00	1.43	188	72	119.5764	282	0.093
randview	MH 28	181.279	3.02	MH 29	180.565	180.99	76	0.68	0.34	0.2312	1.1393	14.87	66.9433	11	0.30	OVLD		90.00				137.3168	23	0.022
randview	MH 29	180.265	3.73	MH 30	180.163	180.19	77	1.02	0.34	0.3468	1.4861	14.87	54.5846	173	0.70	450	1.52	102.00	1.12	249	69	113.6925	360	0.111
randview	MH 30	180.163	3.84	MH 31	180.061	179.67	78	0.79	0.34	0.2686	1.7547	18.10	52.4212 48.8305	216	0.10	750	0.81	102.00	2.11	367	59	109.5189	452	0.084
lgewood	Lakeview			Grandview			79	0.30	0.20	0.0600	0.0600	10.00	66.9433		0.10	750	0.81	102.00	2.11	367	65	102.5637	500	0.132
andview	MH 31	180.061	2.04	MH 32	179.961	179.22	80	0.69	0.34	0.2346	2.0493	20.21	45.7508	11	0.10	OVLD		90.00				137.3168	23	
andview	MH 32	179.961	2.14	MH 33	179.861	178.82	81	0.96	0.34	0.3264	2.3757	20.21	43.1262	260	0.10	750	0.81	100.00	2.07	367	71	96.5684	550	0.182
andview	MH 33	179.861	2.24	MH 34	179.761		82	0.82	0.34	0.2788	2.6545	24.35		285	0.10	750	0.81	100.00	2.07	367	77	91.4356	603	
									0.01	0.2700	2.0040	24.30	40.8186	301	0.10	750	0.81	100.00	2.07	367	82	86.9035	641	0.273
irview - Eve	elyn to Phillips																							
irview	Evelyn			Edgewood			83	1.61	0.45	0.7245	0.7245	10.00	66.9433	135	0.50	0110		000 00				House and the second	1.5074	
gewood	Grandview			Fairview			84	0.89	0.20	0.1780	0.1780	10.00	66.9433	33	0.50	OVLD		300.00				137.3168	276	201202010
rview	Edgewood			Phillips			85	1.14	0.20	0.2280	1.1305	10.00	66.9433			OVLD		90.00				137.3168	68	0.0679
											111000	10.00	00.8400	210	0.50	OVLD		310.00				137.3168	431	0.4312

		FROM MH	STRUC	TOTIL	TO MU		6		RUNOFF			TIME OF	RAINFALL	DESIGN	FLOW									
LOCATION	NO.	INV.	APPROX. COVER	NO.	TO MH	Sani. Invert	AREA ID	AREA (ha)	COEFF C	CxA (ha)	TOTAL CxA (ha)	CONC (min)	INTENSITY i₅ (mm/hr)	Q ₅ (I/s)	SLOPE (%)	PIPE DIA (mm)	PIPE VELOCITY (m/s)	LENGTH (m)	TIME OF FLOW (min)	PIPE CAPACITY (I/s)	PERCENT FULL	RAINFALL INTENSITY i100 (mm/hr)	DES FLOW Q ₁₀₀ (I/s)	OVERL FLO (I/s)
Crescent - G	arrison to Philli	ps										-							()	(88)			(1/5)	(1/8
Drchard	Daytona			Grandview			86	1.24	0.45	0.5500														
irandview	Garrison			Orchard			87	0.38	0.45	0.5580	0.5580	10.00		104	0.20	OVLD		100.00				137.3168	213	
Irchard	Grandview			Fairview			88	0.38	0.45	0.1710	0.1710	10.00		32	1.50	450	2.22	90.00	0.68	364	9	137.3168	65	
airview	Orchard			Evelyn			89	1.06	0.45	0.3510	1.0800	10.68		195	0,50	450	1.28	180.00	2.34	210	93	133.3508	400	
velyn	Grandview			Fairview			90	1.01	0.20	0.4770	1.5570	13.02	Street and a second second	254	0.70	525	1.68	320.00	3.17	375	68	121.4669	525	
velyn	Fairview			Crescent			91	1.69	0.20	0.3380	0.2020	10.00	66.9433	38	0.70	OVLD		90.00				137.3168	77	
								1.00	0.20	0.0000	2.0970	16.19	52.0476	303	0,50	600	1.55	90.00	0.97	453	67	108.7970	634	
rescent	Garrison			Orchard			92	0.51	0.45	0.2295	18.3540	00.44	10,1000											
rchard	Fairview			Crescent			93	0.74	0.45	0.3330	0.3330	23.11	42.1668	2150	0.90	1050	3.02	120.00	0.66	2703	80	89.5535	4566	
rescent	Orchard			Evelyn			94	1.60	0.45	0.7200	19.4070	10.00	66.9433	62	0.50	OVLD		95.00				137.3168	127	
									0.10	0.7200	10.4070	23.77	41.4354	2234	0.80	1050	2.85	320.00	1.87	2548	88	88,1166	4751	:
rescent	Evelyn			Edgewood			95	1.52	0.45	0.6840	22.1880	25.64	39.5130	0.400	020221									
dgewood	Fairview			Crescent			96	1.56	0.20	0.3120	0.3120			2436	0.67	1200	2.85	310.00	1.81	3329	73	84.3309	5198	
rescent	Edgewood			Phillips			97	1.44	0.45	0.6480	23.1480	10.00 27.45	66.9433 37.8329	58	0.20	OVLD		90.00				137.3168	119	
										010100	20.1400	27.45	37.6329	2433	0,50	1500	2.86	300.00	1.75	5215	47	81.0111	5209	
escent	Hollywood			Phillips			98	0.95	0.45	0.4275	0.4275	10.00	66.9433		0.00									
											0.4273	10.00	66,9433	80	0.30	450	0.99	200.00	3.36	163	49	137.3168	163	0
d Phillips -I	akeview to Cre	scent											I											
illips	Parkdale	180.579		MH EX-1	180,520			0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	138.9710	0	0.14	675	0.00	10.00						
illips	MH EX-1	180.520		Daytona	180.433			0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	138.9710	0	0.14	675	0.89	40.00	0.75	328	0	270.1561	0	
illips	Daytona	180.403		MH 24	180.383			0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	138.9710	0	1.00	450	1.81	56.00	1.05	328	0	270.1561	0	
			1	1	1								100.0110		1.00	450	1.01	2.00	0.02	297	0	270.1561	0	
illips	Daytona	180.283		Lakeside	180.176			0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	138.9710	ol	0.12	825	0.94	106.00	4 00	5 tol			- 1	
illips	Lakeside	180.176		Lakeview	180.056			0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	138.9710	0	0.12	825	0.94	106.00 71.00	1.88	519	0	270.1561	0	
illips	Lakeview	180.026		MHQ	179.986			0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	138.9710	0	1.00	450	1.81	4.00	1.26	519 297	0	270.1561	0	
1	Lakadam	170 004	Ť	I		36	×.									100		4.00	0.04	297	U	270.1561	0	
llips Ilips	Lakeview	179.831		Grandview	179.745			0.00	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	138.9710	o	0.10	1050	1.01	85.00	1 41	901	ما	070 4504	al	
	Grandview	179.745		Fairview	179.658		105	1.39	0.20	0.2780	2.9325	26.42	38.7720	316	0.10	1050	1.01	87.00	1.41	901	0	270.1561	0	
llips Ilips	Fairview	179.658		Crescent	179.556		106	1.54	0.20	0.3080	4.3710	27.86	37.4798	455	0.12	1050	1.10	83.00	1.44	987	35	82.8681	675	0
liips	Crescent	179.556		MHS	179.553			0.00	0.00	0.0000	4.3710	34.02	32.8833	399	0.12	750	0.88	3.00	0.06	402	46	80.3121	975	0
																		0.00	0.00	402	99	71.1648	864	0.
v Phillips -E	Buffalo to Cresc	ent																						
lips	Buffalo	1	ľ	Ferndale			00	c aal									U							
lips	MH D	180.587		MHH	180.499		99	2.98	0.20	0.5960	0.5960	10.00	66.9433	111	0.20	OVLD		90.00	T	1	1	137.3168	227	
lips	MHH	180.424		MH 24	180.320		100	0.27	0.20	0.0540	5.3894	25.00	40.1529	601	0.10	975	0.96	88.00	1.53	739	81	85.5925	1281	0
lips	MH 24	180.170		MH P	180.320		101	0.52	0.20	0.1040	7.9507	25.86	39.2997	868	0.10	1050	1.01	104.00	1.72	901	96	83.9102	1853	0
lps	MHP	180.073		MHQ	179.992		102	1.53	0.20	0.3060	9.1091	27.58	37.7200	955	0.10	1200	1.10	97.00	1.47	1286	74	80.7876	2044	0
ips	MHQ	179.842		MH 34			103	2,75	0.20	0.5500	9.6591	29.05	36.4806	979	0.10	1200	1.10	81.00	1.23	1286	76	78.3311	2102	0
ips	MH 34	179.761		MHR	179.761 179.668		104	0.82	0.20	0.1640	16.3876	30.27	35.5137	1617	0.10	1350	1.19	93.00	1.30	1761	92	76.4103	3479	
ips	MHR	179.668		MHS				0.00	0.20	0.0000	16.3876	31.57	34.5484	1573	0.10	1350	1.19	88.00	1.23	1761	89	74.4889	3479	1
				IVIT 3	179.553			0.00	0.20	0.0000	16.3876	32.81	33.6879	1534	0.10	1350	1.19	87.00	1.22	1761	87	72,7726	3397	
ps	MHS	179.553		Outlet	179,535																	12.1720	3010	1
				Juliet	179.000			0.00	0.20	0.0000	20.7586	34.02	32.8833	1896	0.12	1350	1.31	15.00	0.19	1929	98	71.1648	4104	2
																						1.1040		



APPENDIX B Modified Storm Sewer Design Sheet Calculations

UPPER CANADA CONSULTANTS																
30 HANNOVER DRIVE, UNIT 3																
ST. CATHARINES, ONTARIO, L2W	1A3															
RAINFALL PARAMETERS:	A =	628.05	mm/hr						SEWER DE	SIGN:	PIPE ROU	GHNESS:	0.013	FOR MANNI	NG'S EQUATIO	DN
2 YEAR DESIGN STORM EVENT	B =	6.65	minutes								PIPE SIZE	S:	1.016	ACTUAL DIA	METER SIZE	FACTOR
TOWN OF FORT ERIE IDF	C =	0.796									PERCENT	FULL:		TOTAL PEAK	K FLOW / CAPA	ACITY
MUNICIPALITY:	TOWN OF FORT ERIE															
PROJECT NAME:	CRESCENT ACRES			S T	ORM SE	EWER DES	IGN SHEET									
PROJECT NO.:	19106															
LO	CATION					STORMWATE			1				STORM	SEWER DES	1	
		T.	A	R			Time of	Flow	Rainfall	Peak	T (1	Nominal	CI.	Full Flow	Full Flow	
DESCRIPTION	From M.H.	То М.Н.	Area (hectares)	Runoff Coeff.	A*R	Accumulated A*R	Concentration (min)	Time (min.)	Intensity (mm/hr)	Flow (L/s)	Length (m)	Diameter (mm.)	Slope (%)	Capacity (L/s)	Velocity (m/s)	Percent Full
			• ` `							(L/S)	(111)	(11111.)	(70)	(L/S)	(111/5)	I'un
Existing stormwater drainage areas an	d concentration times from	Philips Engine	-						1					1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
A1 to A22 - GARRISON ROAD			61.01	0.30	18.125	18.125	10.00	13.11	66.9	3370.3						
A92 - CRESCENT ROAD			0.51	0.45	0.230	18.354	23.11	0.66	42.2	2149.8	120.0	1050	0.90	2702.6	3.02	79.5%
A93 - ORCHARD AVENUE			0.74	0.45	0.333	0.333	10.00		66.9	61.9						
A94 - DAYTONA DRIVE			1.60	0.45	0.720	19.407	23.77	1.87	41.4	2233.7	320.0	1050	0.80	2548.0	2.85	87.7%
A86 to A91 - EVELYN AVENUE			6.16	0.34	2.097	2.097	16.19	0.97	52.1	303.2	90.0	600	0.50	452.9	1.55	66.9%
A95 - EVELYN AVENUE			1.52	0.45	0.684	22.188	25.64	1.81	39.5	2435.3	310.0	1200	0.67	3329.2	2.85	73.1%
				AVAII	ABLE CA	PACITY IN CR	ESCENT ROAD	STORM	SEWERS =	893.9) L/s				,,	
			1.56	0.20	0.312	0.312	10.00		66.9	58.0						
A96 - EDGEWOOD AVENUE			1.50	0.20	0.0		10100		0.01.5							

UPPER CANADA CONSULTANTS																
30 HANNOVER DRIVE, UNIT 3																
ST. CATHARINES, ONTARIO, L2W	IA3															
RAINFALL PARAMETERS:	A =	747.93	mm/hr						SEWER DE	SIGN:	PIPE ROU	GHNESS:	0.013	FOR MANNI	NG'S EQUATIO)N
5 YEAR DESIGN STORM EVENT	B =	6.80	minutes								PIPE SIZE	ES:	1.016	ACTUAL DIA	AMETER SIZE	FACTOR
TOWN OF FORT ERIE IDF	C =	0.768									PERCENT	FULL:		TOTAL PEAK	K FLOW / CAP	ACITY
MUNICIPALITY:	TOWN OF FORT ERIE															
PROJECT NAME:	CRESCENT ACRES			S T	ORM SE	WER DESI	GN SHEET									
PROJECT NO.:	19106		-													
LO	CATION		· · · ·			STORMWATE							STORM	I SEWER DES	1	
DESCRIPTION	F	Τ.	A	R		A	Time of	Flow	Rainfall	Peak	T	Nominal	<u>Classa</u>	Full Flow	Full Flow	D 4
DESCRIPTION	From M.H.	То М.Н.	Area (hectares)	Runoff Coeff.	A*R	Accumulated A*R	Concentration (min)	Time (min.)	Intensity (mm/hr)	Flow (L/s)	Length (m)	Diameter (mm.)	Slope (%)	Capacity (L/s)	Velocity (m/s)	Percent Full
Existing stormwater drainage areas and	l concentration times from	Philips Enginee	ring North Cre	escent Park	Storm Drain	age (July 2009)	unless stated oth	nerwise.	• · ·	· · · ·	•	•	• • •	•	•	
A1 to A22 - GARRISON ROAD			61.01	0.30	18.125	18.125	10.00	13.11	85.7	4313.1						
A92 - CRESCENT ROAD			0.51	0.45	0.230	18.354	23.11	0.66	55.0	2804.6	120.0	1050	0.90	2702.6	3.02	103.8%
A93 - ORCHARD AVENUE			0.74	0.45	0.333	0.333	10.00		85.7	79.2	1					
A94 - DAYTONA DRIVE			1.60	0.45	0.720	19.407	23.77	1.87	54.1	2916.1	320.0	1050	0.80	2548.0	2.85	114.4%
A86 to A91 - EVELYN AVENUE			6.16	0.34	2.097	2.097	16.19	0.97	67.3	392.2	90.0	600	0.50	452.9	1.55	86.6%
A95 - EVELYN AVENUE			1.52	0.45	0.684	22.188	25.64	1.81	51.7	3185.3	310.0	1200	0.67	3329.2	2.85	95.7%
				AVAI	LABLE CAL	PACITY IN CR	ESCENT ROAD	STORM	1 SEWERS =	143.9	DL/s					
A96 - EDGEWOOD AVENUE			1.56	0.20	0.312	0.312	10.00		85.7	74.2						
A97 - CRESCENT DRIVE			1.44	0.45	0.648	23.148	27.45	1.75	49.6	3187.3	300.0	1500	0.50	5214.6	2.86	61.1%

APPENDIX C Stormwater Management Facility Calculations

Upper Canada Consultants 3-30 Hannover Drive St. Catharines, ON, L2W 1A3 PROJECT NAME: CRESCENT ACRES PROJECT NO.: 19106

			WET POND CALCULATIONS		
Quality Requirements		Quality Orifice	Outlet Weir	Outflow Pipe Orifice	Overflow Spillway
Drainage Area (ha) $= 12.79$		Diameter (m) $= 0.150$	Perimeter Length $(m) = 1.20$	Diameter (m) $= 0.450$	Slopes $(X:1) = 50.00$
Normal $(m^{3}/ha) = 117$	(@ 60% IMP)	Cd = 0.62	Grate Slope $(X:1) = 7$	Cd = 0.63	Invert (m) $= 184.21$
Perm Pool $(m^3/ha) = 77$		Invert (m) = 182.35	Inlet Elevation $(m) = 183.70$	Invert (m) $= 182.35$	
Perm Pool Vol $(m^3) = 985$				Obvert (m) $= 182.80$	
Extended Vol $(m^3) = 512$					
Required Vol $(m^3) = 1,496$					
25mm MOE Volume = $1,702$		MOE Equation 4.11	Drawdown Coefficient 'C2' = 1,559		
Water Level Elev. = 182.35	m	MOE Equation 4.11	Drawdown Coefficient 'C3' = 2,076		
		MOE Equation	14.11 Drawdown Time (h) = 36.8		

Elevation	Increment Depth (m)	Active Depth (m)	Surface Area (m ²)	Average Surface Area (m ²)	Increment Volume (m ³)	Permanent Volume (m ³)	Active Volume (m ³)	Quality Orifice (m ³ /s)	Ditch Inlet (m ³ /s)	Max Pipe Orifice (m ³ /s)	Receiving Sewer Capacity (m ³ /s)	Overflow Spillway (m ³ /s)	Total Outflow (m ³ /s)	Average Discharge (m ³ /s)
181.35		-1.00	576			0	(<i>'</i> ,		,	. ,				
	0.50			800	400									
181.85		-0.50	1,024			400								
1	0.50			1,286	643									
182.35		0.00	1,548			1,043								
182.35		0.00	2,120				0	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.144	0.000	0.000	
	1.00		,	2,793	2,793									0.023
183.35		1.00	3,466				2,793	0.046	0.000	0.371	0.144	0.000	0.046	
	0.35			3,886	1,360									0.050
183.70		1.35	4,306				4,153	0.054	0.000	0.455	0.144	0.000	0.054	
	0.30			4,587	1,376									0.099
184.00		1.65	4,868				5,529	0.060	0.336	0.516	0.144	0.000	0.144	
	0.21			5,073	1,065									0.162
184.21	0.00	1.86	5,278		100		6,594	0.064	0.745	0.554	0.180	0.000	0.180	
104.20	0.09	1.05	- 4-7	5,367	483		7.077	0.066	0.051	0.570	0.016	0.000	0.615	0.397
184.30		1.95	5,457				7,077	0.066	0.951	0.570	0.216	0.399	0.615	

Notes 1. Quality Orifice flow is the orifice controlling for the 24 hour detention period and uses an orifice formula.

2. Pipe Orifice flow is calcuated using an orifice formula on the pipe from the ditch inlet to the outlet and uses the total head on the orifice.

3. Overflow Weir flow is calculated using a trapezondial weir to convey outflow for less frequent storms through the embankment with an emergency spillway.

4. Receiving Sewer Capacity is calculated as the identified 5 year capacity available in Crescent Road storm sewers (144 L/s) where Quality Orifice plus Ditch Inlet is less that 144 L/s, and up to a maximum of 216 L/s (144 L/s + 15%) to account for pressure effects in Crescent Road storm sewer system.

5. Total Outflow is calculated by adding the Overflow Spillway with the lowest of Quality Orifice plus Ditch Inlet, Max Pipe Orifice, or capacity of receiving storm sewer.

APPENDIX D MIDUSS Existing and Future Drainage Analysis Output Files

Existing Conditions

AXIS	ung Cona	IUOIIS
		e (4.7) EX.OUT opened 2022-11-02 17:06
	Units used	are defined by G = 9.810
		44 10.000 are MAXDT MAXHYD & DTMIN values
		JPPER CANADA CONSULTANTS
35	COMMENT	
		s) of comment
		CRES, FORT ERIE
		MANAGEMENT PLAN
	EXISTING CO	INDITIONS
35	COMMENT	
	3 line(s	s) of comment
	100 YEAR DE	ESIGN STORM
2	STORM	
2		l=Chicago;2=Huff;3=User;4=Cdn1hr;5=Historic
		Coefficient a
		Constant b (min)
		Exponent c
		Fraction to peak r
		Duration ó 240 min
		5.641 mm Total depth
3	IMPERVIOUS	
	1 (Option 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat
		Manning "n"
		SCS Curve No or C
		Ia/S Coefficient
		Initial Abstraction
4	CATCHMENT	
		ID No.ó 99999
		Area in hectares
		Length (PERV) metres Gradient (%)
		Per cent Impervious
		Length (IMPERV)
		ling. with Zero Dpth
		Dption 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat
		Manning "n"
		SCS Curve No or C
		Ia/S Coefficient
	7.587	Initial Abstraction
	1 0	Option 1=Trianglr; 2=Rectanglr; 3=SWM HYD; 4=Lin. Reserv
	. 477	
	. 425	
15	ADD RUNOFF	
	. 477	
27	HYDROGRAPH	
		of Hyeto/Hydrograph chosen
1.4		.4788025E+04 c.m
14	START 1 1=Zero	; 2=Define
	I I=Zerd	// Z-Deline

Proposed Conditions without SWM

```
Output File (4.7) FUT.OUT opened 2022-11-04 11:55
Units used are defined by G = 9.810
24 144 10.000 are MAXDT MAXHYD & DTMIN values
Licensee: UPPER CANADA CONSULTANTS
35
              COMMENT
              COMMENT

line(s) of comment

CRESCENT ACRES, FORT ERIE

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN
              FUTURE CONDITIONS WITHOUT SWM COMMENT
35
            3 line(s) of comment
             2 YEAR DESIGN STORM *********
              STORM
                              1=Chicago;2=Huff;3=User;4=Cdnlhr;5=Historic
Coefficient a
Constant b (min)
Exponent c
Fraction to peak r
Duration ó 240 min
31.329 mm Total depth
US
  2
          628.050
             6.652
               .796
          240.000
             TMPERVIOUS
  3
                                  Option 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat
                 1
.015
                               Manning "n"
SCS Curve No or C
Ia/S Coefficient
Initial Abstraction
            98.000
              .100
35
              COMMENT
            3 line(s) of comment
              TO SWM POND
            CATCHMENT
10.000 ID No.ó 99999
  4
                          ID No.6 99999
Area in hectares
Length (PEEV) metres
Gradient (%)
Per cent Impervious
Length (IMPERV)
%Imp. with Zero Dpth
Option 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat
Manning "n"
SCS Curve No or C
Ia/S Coefficient
Initial Abstraction
Option 1=Trianglr; 2=Rectanglr; 3=SWM HYD; 4=Lin. Reserv
.887 .000 .000 .000 c.m/s
.181 .831 .571 C perv/imperv/total
NOFF
            12 790
          12.790
292.000
1.000
60.000
          292.000
                .000
                 .250
            77.000
                 .100
             7.587
                     1
            .181 ....
ADD RUNOFF .887 .000
HYDROGRAPH DISPLAY
5 is # of Hyeto/Hydrograph chosen
Volume = .2284462E+04 c.m
15
                                                                                             .000 c.m/s
27
             START
L 1=Zero; 2=Define
14
35
               line(s) of comment
            3
              5 YEAR DESIGN STORM *********
  2
             STORM
                               1=Chicago;2=Huff;3=User;4=Cdnlhr;5=Historic
Coefficient a
Constant b (min)
Exponent c
Fraction to peak r
Duration ó 240 min
43.510 mm Total depth
Total depth
          747.930
             6.800
                .768
          240.000
  3
              IMPERVIOUS
            1
.015
98.000
                                 Option 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat
                                 Manning "n"
SCS Curve No or C
Ia/S Coefficient
              .100
                 .518
                                Initial Abstraction
35
             COMMENT
              line(s) of comment
              TO SWM POND
            CATCHMENT
10.000
12.790
  4
                                 ID No.ó 99999
                                ID No.6 99999
Area in hectares
Length (PERV) metres
Gradient (%)
Per cent Impervious
Length (IMPERV)
%Imp. with Zero Dpth
Option 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat
Manning "n"
SCS Curve No or C
Ia/S Coefficient
Initial Abstraction
          292.000
              1 000
            60.000
          292.000
                .000
                 .250
            77.000
              .100
                        Initial Abstraction
Option 1=Trianglr; 2=Rectanglr; 3=SWM HYD; 4=Lin. Reserv
1.246 .000 .000 .000 c.m/s
.265 .877 .632 C perv/imperv/total
15
             ADD RUNOFF
                          1 246
                                               1.246
                                                                       .000
                                                                                             .000 c.m/s
            1.240 1.240 .000
HYDROGRAPH DISPLAY
5 is # of Hyeto/Hydrograph chosen
Volume = .3518997E+04 c.m
cman
27
14
             START
            1
                        1=Zero; 2=Define
```

```
35
                                  COMMENT
                                3 line(s) of comment
                                   100 YEAR DESIGN STORM
     2
                                   STORM
                                                                                  1=Chicago;2=Huff;3=User;4=Cdnlhr;5=Historic
Coefficient a
Constant b (min)
Exponent c
Fraction to peak r
Duration ó 240 min
75.641 mm Total depth
IS
                    1083.550
                                    6.618
                         .735
.400
240.000
     3
                                   IMPERVIOUS
                                                                                    S
Option 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat
Manning "n"
SCS Curve No or C
IA/S Coefficient
Initial Abstraction
                                             1
.015
                                98.000
                                   .100
.518
COMMENT
35
                               3 line(s) of comment
                                    TO SWM POND
                              CATCHMENT
      4
                                                                                      ID No.ó 99999
                                                             ID No.6 99999
Area in hectares
Length (PERV) metres
Gradient (%)
Per cent Impervious
Length (IMPERV)
% Tup. with Zero Dpth
Option 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat
Manning "n"
SCS Curve No or C
Ia/S Coefficient
Initial Abstraction
Option 1=Trianglr; 2=Rectanglr; 3=SWM HYD; 4=Lin. Reserv
2.089 .000 .000 c.m/s
.425 .923 .724 C perv/imperv/total
RUNOFF
Content Conten
                                12 790
                         12.790
292.000
1.000
60.000
                          292.000
                                         .000
                                             . 250
                                77.000
                                              100
                                   7.587
                                                      1
                                  ADD RUNOFF
2.089
CATCHMENT
15
                                                                                                                       2.089
                                                                                                                                                                                       .000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  .000 c.m/s
     4
                                                                                     ID No.ó 99999
Area in hectares
Length (PERV) metres
Gradient (%)
Per cent Impervious
                                10.000
                                .810
                                1.000
15.000
                                                                                  Gradence (...

Per cent Impervious

Length (IMPERV)

%Imp. with Zero Dpth

Option 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat

Manning "n"

SCS Curve No or C

Ia/S Coefficient

Initial Abstraction

Option 1=Trianglr; 2=Rectanglr; 3=SWM HYD; 4=Lin. Reserv

56 2.089 .000 .000 c.m/s

25 .915 .498 C perv/imperv/total
                                73.000
                                         .000
                                              .250
                                77 000
                                   .100
                                                       1
                                                                      .056
                                  .425 .915 .498

ADD RUNOFF

.056 2.140 .000

HYDROGRAPH DISPLAY

5 is # of Hyeto/Hydrograph chosen

Volume = .7310660E+04 c.m

START
15
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  .000 c.m/s
27
                                5
```

```
14
```

```
1=Zero; 2=Define
```

Proposed Conditions with SWM

```
Output File (4.7) SWM.OUT opened 2022-11-02 17:06
Units used are defined by G = 9.810
24 144 10.000 are MAXDT MAXHYD & DTMIN values
Licensee: UPPER CANADA CONSULTANTS
35
                COMMENT
                COMMENT

line(s) of comment

CRESCENT ACRES, FORT ERIE

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN
                 FUTURE CONDITIONS WITH SWM
COMMENT
35
               3 line(s) of comment
                25mm DESIGN STORM *********
                STORM
  2
                                     1=Chicago;2=Huff;3=User;4=Cdnlhr;5=Historic
Coefficient a
Constant b (min)
Exponent c Fraction to peak r
Duration 6 240 min
25.036 mm Total depth
US
            1
512.000
                6.000
           .800
.400
240.000
                TMPERVIOUS
  3
                                        Option 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat
               - Option 1=SCS CN/C;
Manning "n"
98.000 SCS Curve No or C
.100 Ia/S Coefficient
.518 Initial Abstraction
COMMENT
                    1
.015
              98.000
35
              3 line(s) of comment
                 TO SWM POND
              CATCHMENT
10.000 ID No.6 99999
  4
                               ID No.6 99999

Area in hectares

Length (PERV) metres

Gradient (%)

Per cent Impervious

Length (IMPERV)

%Imp. with Zero Dpth

Option 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat

Manning "n"

SCS Curve No or C

Ia/S Coefficient

Initial Abstraction

Option 1=Trianglr; 2=Rectanglr; 3=SWM HYD; 4=Lin. Reserv

.679 .000 .000 .000 c.m/s

.130 .801 .533 C perv/imperv/total

NOPF
              12 790
           12.790
292.000
1.000
60.000
            292.000
                   .000
                    .250
              77.000
                    .100
                7.587
                         1
               .130 .801 .533
ADD RUNOFF
.679 .679 .000
HYDROGRAPH DISPLAY
5 is # of Hyeto/Hydrograph chosen
Volume = .1702490E+04 c.m
POND
15
                                                                                                               .000 c.m/s
27
             Volume = .1/02...

POND
6 Depth - Discharge - Volume sets

182.350 .000 .0

183.350 .0460 2793.0

183.700 .0540 4153.0

184.000 .144 5529.0

184.020 .180 6594.0

187.00 .015 7077.0
10
                                                  .615

        184.300
        .615
        7077.0

        Peak Outflow
        .023 c.m/s

        Maximum Depth
        182.841 metres

        Maximum Storage
        1372. c.m

        .679
        .679
        .023

                                                                                                               .000 c.m/s
14
                            1=Zero; 2=Define
                COMMENT
35
              COMMENT
3 line(s) of comment
********************
                2 YEAR DESIGN STORM
                STORM
  2
                                       1=Chicago;2=Huff;3=User;4=Cdn1hr;5=Historic
            628.050
                                       Coefficient a
Constant b (min)
                6.652
                3.32 Constant D (MLH)
.796 Exponent C
.400 Fraction to peak r
30.000 Duration ó 240 min
31.329 mm Total depth
IMPERVIOUS
IOPtion 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat
Off Merring "nd"
            240.000
  3
                    1
.015
                                       Manning "n"
SCS Curve No or C
Ia/S Coefficient
Initial Abstraction
              98 000
                 .100
                    .518
35
                COMMENT
              3
                 line(s) of comment
                 TO SWM POND
  4
                CATCHMENT
                                       ID No.6 99999
Area in hectares
Length (PERV) metres
Gradient (%)
Per cent Impervious
Length (IMPERV)
%Imp. with Zero Dpth
Option 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat
           10.000
12.790
292.000
              1.000 60.000
            292.000
                   .000
                    . 250
                                       Manning "n"
SCS Curve No or C
Ia/S Coefficient
Initial Abstraction
              .250
77.000
.100
7.587
                                 Option 1=Trianglr; 2=Rectanglr; 3=SWM HYD; 4=Lin. Reserv
.887 .000 .023 .000 c.m/s
.181 .831 .571 C perv/imperv/total
                         1
               .887 .000 .023
.181 .831 .571
ADD RUNOFF
.887 .887 .023
HYDROGRAPH DISPLAY
5 is # of Hyeto/Hydrograph chosen
Volume = .2286383E+04 c.m
15
                                                                                                               .000 c.m/s
27
```

10 POND
 POND

 6 Depth - Discharge - Volume sets

 182.350
 .000
 .0

 183.350
 .0460
 2793.0
 183.350 183.700 .0540 4153.0 184.000 184.210 184.300 .144 .180 .615 4155.0 5529.0 6594.0 7077.0 .010 = .030 c.m/s = 183.011 metres = 1846. c.m .887 .030 Peak Outflow Maximum Depth = Maximum Storage = .887 .000 c.m/s START 1=Zero; 2=Define 14 1 35 5 YEAR DESIGN STORM STORM 2 1=Chicago; 2=Huff; 3=User; 4=Cdn1hr; 5=Historic 1 747.930 Coefficient a Constant b (min) Exponent c 6.800 .768 .400 Fraction to peak r Duration ó 240 min 43.510 mm Total depth 240.000 43.510 mm Iotal Gept. IMPERVIOUS 1 Option 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat .015 Manning "n" 86.000 SCS Curve No or C .100 Ia/S Coefficient .518 Initial Abstraction 3 98.000 35 3 line(s) of comment TO SWM POND 4 CATCHMENT ID No.6 99999 Area in hectares Length (PERV) metres Gradient (%) Per cent Impervious Length (IMPERV) %Imp. with Zero Dpth Option 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat Manning "n" 10.000 12.790 292.000 1.000 60.000 292 000 .000 1 250 Manning "n" SCS Curve No or C IA/S Coefficient Initial Abstraction Option 1=Trianglr; 2=Rectanglr; 3=SWM HYD; 4=Lin. Reserv 1.246 .000 .030 .000 c.m/s 77.000 .100
 1
 Option 1=Trianglr; 2=Rectan

 1.246
 .000
 .030

 .265
 .877
 .632

 ADD RUNOFF
 1.246
 .030

 HYDROGRAPH DISPLAY
 5
 is # of Hyeto/Hydrograph chosen

 Volume
 .3519148E+04 c.m
 POND
 1 .030 .000 c.m/s .632 C perv/imperv/total 15 .000 c.m/s 27 10 POND
 POND

 6 Depth - Discharge - Volume sets

 182.350
 .000
 .0

 183.350
 .0460
 2793.0

 183.700
 .0540
 4153.0

 184.000
 .144
 5529.0
 184.210 .180 6594.0 184.300 .180 6594.0 184.300 .615 7077.0 Peak Outflow = .046 c.m/s Maximum Depth = 183.366 metres Maximum Storage 2855. c.m 1.246 1.246 .046 un Stor 1.246 START 000 c m/s 14 COMMENT 35 100 YEAR DESIGN STORM STORM 2 l=Chicago;2=Huff;3=User;4=Cdnlhr;5=Historic Coefficient a Constant b (min) Exponent c 1083.550 6.618 .735 .735 Exponent c .400 Fraction to peak r 40.000 Duration ó 240 min 75.641 mm Total depth IMPERVIOUS 1 Option 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat .015 Manning "n" 98.000 SCS Curve No or C .100 Ia/S Coefficient 518 Initial Abstraction 240.000 3 98.000 .100 .518 Initial Abstraction 35 COMMENT 3 line(s) of comment TO SWM POND 4 CATCHMENT 10.000 12.790 292.000 ID No.ó 99999 ID No.6 99999 Area in hectares Length (PERV) metres Gradient (%) Per cent Impervious Length (IMPERV) %Imp. with Zero Dpth Option 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat Manning "n" SCS Curve No or C Ia/S Coefficient Initial Abstraction 1.000 60.000 292.000 .000 .250 77.000 .100 IA/S Coefficient 7.587 Initial Abstraction 1 Option I=Trianglr; 2=Rectanglr; 3=SWM HYD; 4=Lin. Reserv 2.089 .000 .046 .000 c.m/s .425 .923 .724 C perv/imperv/total ADD RUNOFF 15 2.089 2 089 046 000 c m/s 2.089 2.089 .046 HYDROGRAPH DISPLAY 5 is # of Hyeto/Hydrograph chosen Volume = .7005564E+04 c.m 27

10	POND 6 Depth - Discharge - Volume sets 182.350 .000 .0 183.350 .0460 2793.0 183.700 .0540 4153.0 184.200 .144 5529.0 184.300 .615 7077.0 Peak Outflow .144 c.m/s Maximum Depth = 183.999 metres
	2.089 2.089 .144 .000 c.m/s
16	NEXT LINK
4	2.089 .144 .144 .000 c.m/s
4	<pre>10.000 ID No.6 99999 .810 Area in hectares 73.000 Length (PERV) metres 1.000 Gradient (%) 15.000 Per cent Impervious 73.000 Length (IMPERV) .000 % Imp. with Zero Dpth 1 Option 1=SCS CN/C; 2=Horton; 3=Green-Ampt; 4=Repeat .250 Manning "n" 77.000 SCS Curve No or C .100 Ia/S Coefficient 7.587 Initial Abstraction 1 Option 1=Trianglr; 3=Rectanglr; 3=SWM HYD; 4=Lin. Reserv</pre>
	.056 .144 .144 .000 c.m/s
	.425 .915 .498 C perv/imperv/total
15	ADD RUNOFF
14	.056 .152 .144 .000 c.m/s START 1 1=Zero; 2=Define